



REFOCUSING OUR ENERGIES



CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UN-AUDITED)
FOR THE QUARTER AND SIX MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014



#### CORPORATE PROFILE

#### **Board of Directors**

Mr. Miftah Ismail

Mr. Shoaib Warsi

Agha Sher Shah Mr. Arshad Mirza

Mr. Muhammad Riaz Khan

Mr. Shazad Dada Mr. Mobin Saulat

Mirza Mahmood Ahmad Mr. Mohammad Arif Hameed Mr. Muhammad Bilal Shaikh Nawabzada Riaz Nosherwani

Sardar Rizwan Kehar Mr. Saleem Zamindar Ms. Nargis Ghaloo Ms. Azra Mujtaba

## **Auditors**

M/s. Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants

## **Legal Advisors**

M/s. Haidermota and Company Barrister-at-Law and Corporate Counsels

## **Board of Directors' Committees**

#### **Audit Committee of Directors**

Agha Sher Shah Chairman Mr. Arshad Mirza Member Mr. Mobin Saulat Member Nawabzada Riaz Nosherwani Member Sardar Rizwan Kehar Member

#### **Human Resource and Remuneration Committee of Directors**

Chairman

Managing Director

Mr. Miftah Ismail Chairman Mr. Shoaib Warsi Managing Director Mirza Mahmood Ahmad Member Mr. Arshad Mirza Member Mr. Mohammad Arif Hameed Member Mr. Saleem Zamindar Member Sardar Rizwan Kehar Member

## **Registered Office**

SSGC House Sir Shah Suleman Road Gulshan-e-Igbal, Block 14, Karachi - 75300, Pakistan.

### **Finance and Procurement Committee of Directors**

Mr. Shazad Dada Chairman Mr. Shoaib Warsi Managing Director Mr. Muhammad Riaz Khan Member

Mirza Mahmood Ahmad Member Ms. Nargis Ghaloo Member Ms. Azra Mujtaba Member Nawabzada Riaz Nosherwani Member

## **Contact Details**

Ph: 0092-21-9902-1000 Fax: 0092-21-9923-1702 Email: info@ssgc.com.pk Web: www.ssgc.com.pk

#### Special Committee of Directors on UFG

Sardar Rizwan Kehar Chairman Mr. Shoaib Warsi Managing Director Agha Sher Shah Member Mr. Mohammad Arif Hameed Member Mirza Mahmood Ahmad Member Nawabzada Riaz Nosherwani Member Mr. Saleem Zamindar Member Mr. Muhammad Riaz Khan Member

## **Shares Registrar**

M/s. Central Depository Company of Pakistan CDC House, 99-B, Block B, SMCHS, Main Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi - Pakistan.

## **Risk Management / Litigation Committee of Directors**

Mirza Mahmood Ahmad Chairman Mr. Saleem Zamindar Member Mr. Arshad Mirza Member Mr. Muhammad Riaz Khan Member Nawabzada Riaz Nosherwani Member

## Company Secretary

Ms. Faiza Kapadia Raffay

#### Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Fasihuddin Fawad

#### **DIRECTORS' REVIEW**

#### For the Six Months Period Ended December 31, 2014

I am pleased to share the Company's unaudited results for the six months ended December 31, 2014.

The period under review was marked by a distinctive transformation with the advent of new sources of energy. As one of the key stakeholders in the LNG project, the Company embarked on developing an ambitious infrastructure for transmitting re-gasified LNG (RLNG) to the consumers.

## **FINANCIAL OVERVIEW**

During the period under review, the Company recorded a net loss after tax of Rs. 3,063 million after incorporating major disallowances and financial costs due to outstanding debt.

The summary of financial highlights is given below:

	Six Months ending 31 Dec 2014 (Rupees in million)
Loss before taxation	(4,933)
Taxation	1,870
Loss after taxation	(3,063)

This net loss after tax was recorded after incorporating major disallowances by OGRA, treatment of sale of Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) / Natural Gas Liquid (NGL) and royalty as operating income, determined by OGRA and financial cost due to outstanding debt.

This state of affairs is based on various reasons including but not limited to:

- i) High UFG volume disallowance, which is after 7% benchmark under Court stay and partial benefit of 'pilfered by non-consumer' and 'law and order' (under ECC guidelines) stands at 6.91% i.e. 14.9 bcf having an impact of Rs. 5.3 billion in July–December 2014.
- ii) OGRA not accepting ECC Guidelines for Bulk to Retail ratio, non-consumers, law and order areas and provision for doubtful debts as well as Court directives for non-operating income in letter and spirit.
- iii) Change in basis for treatment of late payment surcharge (LPS) receivable from FY 2012-13 in accordance with International Accounting Standards and after considering the opinions of reputable Chartered Accountants firms and legal advice.
- iv) There is no royalty income in July-December 2014 as this was discontinued in December 2013 after Supreme Court Decision.
- Meter manufacturing plant could not report any profit in July-December 2014 as against Rs. 351 million profits in July-December 2013.
- vi) Interest expense to E&P Companies increased by Rs.1.2 billion. The major cause of increase is non-payment of gas purchase bill to OGDC in respect of Kunar-Pasaki gas field.

## **UNACCOUNTED-FOR-GAS (UFG)**

Grappling with high UFG volumes remained one of the main challenges for the Company. Main factors contributing to

high UFG include gas theft, measurement errors and leakages in overhead and underground pipelines. In addition to these factors, there are some external factors beyond the Company's control, that have contributed to marked increase in UFG. These factors include bulk to retail ratio, volatile law and order situation, the Government's moratorium on new connections and new towns' extension. The Company made rigorous efforts to control UFG by replacing defective meters, rectifying leakages, installing cyber locks at industrial premises and regularly conducting anti-gas theft raids.

The Company recognized the uncontrollable factors and subsequently raised the matter with the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Resources at the Economic Coordination Committee (ECC) level. Policy guidelines were issued subsequently to OGRA for allowing the volume pilfered by non-consumers, volume consumed in law and order affected areas and impact of change in Bulk-Retail Ratio on UFG, using 2003-04 as the base year. The policy guidelines emphasized that provision for doubtful debts may also be determined at minimum of 1% of sales.

## TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The Company's trade debts continued to grow significantly, thus contributing to severe liquidity crunch. This is mainly due to few large customers who have continued to default on payments. They include Rs. 38,524 million from K-Electric and Rs. 19,105 million from Pakistan Steel Mills Limited (PSML). However, aggregate legal claims against K-Electric and PSML as at December 31, 2014 stand at Rs. 56,795 million and Rs. 29,786 million respectively. The management is in constant liaison with the concerned ministries to expedite the recovery of outstanding dues from KE and PSML. In addition, the Company has filed suits for recovery of dues from KE and PSML in the High Court.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

The future outlook of the Company depends on the following:

- Development of a dedicated 42" dia, 352-km long pipeline for transporting 1.2 billion cubic feet (bcf) capacity RLNG from Karachi to SNGPL network in Sawan.
- ii) Significant recoveries of long outstanding receivables especially from KE and PSML. This will help to provide sufficient cash flows to finance current operations and future plans.
- iii) Outcome of the Company's petition in the SHC against OGRA's tariff decision, in which the Company has proposed treatment of LPS, sale of gas condensate, royalty income from JJVL and meter manufacturing plant as non-operating income.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The Board of Directors wish to express their appreciation for the continued support received from the shareholders and its valued customers. The Board also acknowledges the dedication of all the employees who soldiered on, despite number of challenges confronting the Company. The Directors also thank the Government of Pakistan, the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Resources and the Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority, for their continued guidance and support.

On behalf of the Board,

Miftah Ismail

Chairman

Karachi: June 04, 2016

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON REVIEW OF UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE MEMBERS

For the Six Months Period Ended December 31, 2014

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying unconsolidated condensed interim balance sheet of Sui Southern Gas Company Limited ("the Company") as at December 31, 2014, and the related unconsolidated condensed interim profit and loss account, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, unconsolidated condensed interim cash flow statement, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of changes in equity and notes for the half-year then ended (here-in-after referred to as the "unconsolidated condensed interim financial information"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of unconsolidated condensed interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### **Basis for Qualified Conclusion**

As described in notes 8.1 and 8.2 to the unconsolidated condensed interim financial information, trade debts includes receivable of Rs. 38,524 million (June 30, 2014: Rs.41,302 million) and Rs. 19,105 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 16,944 million) from K-Electric Limited (KE) and Pakistan Steel Mills Corporation (Private) Limited (PSML) respectively. As described in the aforesaid notes, significant portion of such receivables include overdue amounts, which have been considered good by the management and classified as current assets in this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information. Further, KE and PSML have disputed Late Payment Surcharge (LPS) on their respective balances and the financial condition of PSML is such that it has not been able to pay its obligations, due to which management has decided to recognize LPS on a receipt basis from the aforesaid entities effective from July 01, 2012.

Due to the adverse financial condition of PSML, disputes by KE and PSML with the Company on LPS, and large accumulation of their respective overdue amounts, we were unable to determine the extent to which the total amounts due from KE and PSML are likely to be recovered and the time frame over which such recovery will be made.

**Qualified Conclusion** 

Except for the adjustments, if any, to the unconsolidated condensed interim financial information described above,

based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated

condensed interim financial information as of and for the half-year ended December 31, 2014 is not prepared, in all

material respects, in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial

reporting.

**Emphasis of Matter Paragraph** 

We draw attention to:

(i) note 1.3 to the unconsolidated condensed interim financial information that describes that revenue requirements

for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015, have been determined provisionally on the basis of stay

orders of the High Court of Sindh (the Court) which was considered by OGRA while determining revenue requirements,

except for impact of the orders dated November 20, 2015, and March 29, 2016, whereby OGRA was directed to treat

income from royalty (arrears) and income from LPG and NGL as non-operating income which was not considered by

 $OGRA\ while\ determining\ revenue\ requirements\ of\ the\ Company\ for\ the\ years\ ended\ June\ 30,\ 2013,\ 2014\ and\ 2015.\ Our\ property of\ the\ property\ for\ the\ property\ for\$ 

conclusion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

**Other Matters** 

The figures of the unconsolidated condensed interim profit and loss account and unconsolidated condensed interim

statement of comprehensive income for the quarter ended December 31, 2014 have not been reviewed, as we are

required to review only the cumulative figures for the half-year ended December 31, 2014.

**Deloitte Yousuf Adil** 

Chartered Accountants

Devise young sail

Audit Engagement Partner:

Naresh Kumar

Dated: June 04, 2016

Place: Karachi

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# UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET (UN-AUDITED)

(UN-AUDITED)		D	l 20
As at December 31, 2014		December 31, 2014	June 30, 2014
,		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
	Note	(Rupees	
ASSETS		(	,
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	71,658,318	70,165,627
Intangible assets		57,330	88,898
Long term investments	7	1,152,338	1,136,391
Net investment in finance lease		527,679	582,716
Long term loans and advances		165,567	140,508
Long term deposits		5,821	5,641
Total non-current assets		73,567,053	72,119,781
Current assets		1 000 006	0.174.407
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade		1,293,006	2,174,487
		949,456	888,505
Current maturity of net investment in finance lease Customers' installation work-in-progress		110,161 186,542	110,161 179,831
Trade debts	8	78,041,685	78,905,693
Loans and advances	U	2,335,879	2,016,413
Advances, deposits and short term prepayments		170,382	137,385
Interest accrued		6,871,507	6,291,603
Other receivables	9	71,442,204	58,970,492
Taxation - net	_	12,533,311	10,474,629
Cash and bank balances		2,158,511	1,199,837
Total current assets		176,092,644	161,349,036
Total assets		249,659,697	233,468,817
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Share capital and reserves Authorised share capital: 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves Surplus on re-measurement of available for sale securities		10,000,000 8,809,163 4,907,401 138,708	10,000,000 8,809,163 4,907,401 122,762
Unappropriated profit		(3,287,094)	(224,378)
onappropriated profit		10,568,178	13,614,948
		,,	, ,
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets		10,251,946	10,251,946
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Long term finance	10	23,547,465	20,859,892
Long term deposits		9,590,424	8,355,118
Deferred tax		1,450,899	3,320,773
Employee benefits		3,663,679	3,470,436
Deferred credit	11	5,237,804	5,448,852
Long term advances Total non-current liabilities		1,022,410	1,023,678 42,478,749
lotal lion-current habilities		44,512,681	42,470,749
Current liabilities			
Current portion of long term finance		6,705,590	4,046,274
Short term borrowings	12	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3,141,237
Trade and other payables	13	147,310,269	133,104,885
Interest accrued		30,311,033	26,830,778
Total current liabilities		184,326,892	167,123,174
Total liabilities		228,839,573	209,601,923
Total equity and liabilities		249,659,697	233,468,817
Contingencies and commitments	14		

The annexed notes from 1 to 26 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.

Miftah Ismail Chairman

## **UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS** (UN-AUDITED)

For the Six Months Period ended December 31, 2014

		Half yea	ar ended	Quart	er ended
		December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
		2014	2013	2014	2013
	Note		(Rupees	in '000)	
Sales		91,332,872	87,527,361	44,056,084	42,727,231
Sales tax		(12,058,401)	(11,997,765)	(5,307,391)	(5,764,693)
		79,274,471	75,529,596	38,748,693	36,962,538
Gas development surcharge		1,045,617	(2,873,058)	(239)	(3,793,235)
Net sales		80,320,088	72,656,538	38,748,454	33,169,303
Cost of sales	15	(85,029,203)	(77,525,743)	(42,923,621)	(39,604,901)
Gross loss		(4,709,115)	(4,869,205)	(4,175,167)	(6,435,598)
Administrative and selling expenses		(1,823,843)	(1,688,524)	(911,797)	(851,161)
Other operating expenses	16	(1,554,990)	(1,860,144)	(786,934)	(970,621)
		(3,378,833)	(3,548,668)	(1,698,731)	(1,821,782)
		(8,087,948)	(8,417,873)	(5,873,898)	(8,257,380)
Other operating income	17	1,312,741	1,846,510	568,725	925,604
Operating loss		(6,775,207)	(6,571,363)	(5,305,173)	(7,331,776)
Other non-operating income	18	6,565,643	8,586,298	4,707,958	6,971,723
Finance cost	19	(4,723,026)	(3,332,091)	(2,538,840)	(1,666,239)
Loss before taxation		(4,932,590)	(1,317,156)	(3,136,055)	(2,026,292)
Taxation	20	1,869,874	497,836	994,583	711,652
Loss for the period		(3,062,716)	(819,320)	(2,141,472)	(1,314,640)
B	(5)	(0.10)	(0.00)	(0.10)	(4.10)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(Rupees)	(3.48)	(0.93)	(2.43)	(1.49)

The annexed notes from 1 to 26 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.

Chairman

# UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED)

For the Six Months Period ended December 31, 2014

	Half year ended		Quarter ended	
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
		(Rupees	in '000)	
Loss for the period	(3,062,716)	(819,320)	(2,141,472)	(1,314,640)
Other comprehensive income				
Item that maybe recalssified subsequently to profit and loss account				
Unrealised gain on re-measurement of available for sale securities	15,947	4,111	15,421	3,809
Item that will not be recalssified subsequently to profit and loss account	-	-		-
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(3,046,769)	(815,209)	(2,126,051)	(1,310,831)

The annexed notes from 1 to 26 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.

Miftah Ismail

Chairman

## UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (UN-AUDITED)

For the Six Months Period ended December 31, 2014

	Note	December 31, 2014 (Rupees	December 31, 2013 in '000)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before taxation Adjustments for non-cash and other items Working capital changes Financial charges paid Employee benefits paid Payment for retirement benefits Long term deposits received - net Loans and advances to employees - net Interest income and return on term deposits received Income taxes paid Net cash generated from operating activities	21 22	(4,932,590) 7,026,709 2,923,984 (1,359,525) (55,596) (138,832) 1,235,306 (344,525) 115,536 (2,058,682) 2,411,785	(1,317,156) 6,193,148 5,014,066 (1,395,086) (29,218) (190,512) 1,602,274 (234,550) 130,430 (860,797) 8,912,599
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		2,411,705	6,912,599
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment Payments for intangible assets Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Lease rental from net investment in finance lease Deposits paid - net Dividend received		(3,793,644) (2,431) 4,731 132,940 (180)	(2,257,537) - 20,085 175,594 (575) 237
Net cash used in investing activities		(3,658,584)	(2,062,196)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from local currency loans Repayments of local currency loans Customer finance receive Repayment of customer finance Dividend paid Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activities		7,000,000 (1,631,042) 5,982 (28,051) (179) 5,346,710	(1,615,816) 126,709 (36,528) (2,352) (1,527,987)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		4,099,911 (1,941,400) 2,158,511	5,322,416 (3,170,273) 2,152,143
Cash and cash equivalent comprises: Cash and bank balances Short term borrowings		2,158,511 - 2,158,511	3,893,841 (1,741,698) 2,152,143

 $The \ annexed \ notes \ from \ 1 \ to \ 26 \ form \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ unconsolidated \ condensed \ interim \ financial \ information.$ 

Miftah Ismail Chairman

## UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED)

For the Six Months Period ended December 31, 2014

	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Capital reserves	Revenue reserves	Surplus on re-measurement of available for sale securities	Unappropriated profit / (accumulated losses)	Total
Balance as at June 30, 2013	8,809,163	234,868	4,672,533	81,156	2,084,959	15,882,679
Total comprehensive loss for the period ended December 31, 2013						
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(819,320)	(819,320)
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	4,111	-	4,111
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	4,111	(819,320)	(815,209)
Balance as at December 31, 2013	8,809,163	234,868	4,672,533	85,267	1,265,639	15,067,470
Balance as at June 30, 2014	8,809,163	234,868	4,672,533	122,762	(224,378)	13,614,948
Total comprehensive loss for the period ended December 31, 2014						
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(3,062,716)	(3,062,716)
Other comprehensive income for the period	_	_	_	15,947	-	15,947
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	15,947	(3,062,716)	(3,046,769)
Balance as at December 31, 2014	8,809,163	234,868	4,672,533	138,709	(3,287,094)	10,568,179

The annexed notes from 1 to 26 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.

Miftah Ismail Chairman

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UN-AUDITED)

For the Six Months Period ended December 31, 2014

#### 1. Status and nature of business

1.1 Sui Southern Gas Company Limited ("the Company") is a public limited Company incorporated in Pakistan and is listed on the Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges (now Pakistan Stock Exchange). The main activity of the Company is transmission and distribution of natural gas in Sindh and Balochistan. The Company is also engaged in certain activities related to the gas business including the manufacturing and sale of gas meters and construction contracts for laying of pipelines.

#### 1.2 Regulatory framework

Under the provisions of license given by the Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA), the Company is provided a minimum annual return before taxation of 17% per annum of the net average operating fixed assets (net of deferred credit) for the year, excluding financial and other non-operating expenses and non-operating income. The determination of annual required return is reviewed by OGRA under the terms of the license for transmission, distribution and sale of natural gas, targets and parameters set by OGRA. Income earned in excess / short of the above guaranteed return is payable to / recoverable from the Government of Pakistan (GoP) and is adjusted from / to the Gas Development Surcharge balance payable to / receivable from the GoP.

#### 1.3 Determination of revenue requirement

1.3.1 Revenue requirement for the half year ended December 31, 2014 has been determined on the same basis as determined in the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014 and 2015 which is based on interim relief provided by the Sindh High Court decision in the matter as explained below:

The Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) in its order dated December 02, 2010 and May 24, 2011 treated Royalty Income from Jamshoro Joint Venture Limited, Profit from Meter Manufacturing, Late Payment Surcharge and Sale of Gas Condensate as operating income which it had previously allowed as non-operating income in its decision dated September 24, 2010, for the year ended June 30, 2010. OGRA also in its aforesaid decision reduced benchmark of the allowable Unaccounted for Gas (UFG) from 7% to 4.25 % - 5%. Aggrieved by the above decision, the Company had filed an appeal against the decision of the OGRA in the High Court of Sindh (the Court), on which the Court provided interim relief whereby OGRA was directed to determine the revenue requirements on the same principles as per its decision of September 24, 2010, till final order of the Court. Also, with regard to UFG benchmark, OGRA was directed to carry out an impact assessment study and submit its report to the Court. Therefore, the revenue requirement for June 30, 2011, was determined based on the relief provided by the Court.

For subsequent years, the Company also obtained stay orders from the Court on the same principles which were fixed in the interim relief as discussed above, and thereafter, OGRA considered such principles in determining revenue requirement of the Company. Management is confident that the final decision of the Court would be in favor of the Company.

Had there been no stay in the current period, and these condensed interim financial information been prepared in accordance with the OGRA's decisions dated December 02, 2010 and May 24, 2011, the Company would have reported loss for the period amounting to Rs, 27,190 million.

1.3.2 In determining the Final Revenue Requirement (FRRs) for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2014 and 2015, the OGRA treated income from royalty (arrears) and income of LPG and NGL as operating income, on which the Company filed application in the already pending Judicial Miscellaneous petitions in the High Court of Sindh that these income should have been treated as non-operating income as it was already decided by the Court in previous stay orders, while the cases are still to be finalised by the Court. The Court suspended the relevant paragraphs of OGRA orders wherein above income were treated as operating income thus requiring revision of FRR for 2013, 2014 and 2015; however, no revised FRR has been issued by the OGRA till the date of issue of these condensed interim financial information. Consequently, the impact of the new stay orders have not been taken and the aforesaid income was treated as operating income by the Company.

Management, based on the opinion of its legal counsel intends to get the above Court decision enforced and is confident that the OGRA will provide benefit of the aforesaid income to the Company.

Had OGRA issued revised FRR based on the above mentioned stay orders of the Court and these condensed interim financial information been prepared in accordance with the revised FRR, the Company would have claimed Rs. 13,102 million as non-operating income which OGRA treated as operating income while determining revenue requirement of the Company and the Company would have reported profit for the period amounting to Rs. 5,539 million.

#### 2. Basis for preparation

- 2.1 The unconsolidated condensed interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" and the provisions and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case where the requirements differ, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail. This unconsolidated condensed interim financial information does not include all information required for annual audited financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the unconsolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- 2.2 This unconsolidated condensed interim financial information is un-audited but subject to limited scope review by the auditors and are being submitted to shareholders in accordance with Section 245 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984.

#### 3. Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies and methods of computation applied for the preparation of this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information are the same as those applied in preparation of the annual unconsolidated audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2014.

#### 4. Accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in confirmity with the approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan requires the management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgements that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The significant judgments made by the management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014 except that the charge in respect of staff retirement benefits has been recognised on the basis of acturial's projection for the ensuing year; hence it does not include consideration for actuarial gains / losses which will be determined at the year end. Had there been any actuarial gains / losses in this condensed interim financial information, the same would have been offered to / claimed from OGRA in determining revenue requirement of the Company. Accordingly, there will be no impact on the condensed interim statement of comprehensive income of the Company.

#### 5. Financial risk management

The Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2014.

December 31, June 30, 2014 2014 (Un-audited) (Audited) (Rupees in '000)

#### 6. Property, plant and equipment

Operating assets
Capital work in progress

Operating assets
Buildings on leasehold land
Gas transmission pipelines
Gas distribution system
Telecommunication
Plant and machinery
Tools and equipment
Motor vehicles
Furniture and fixtures
Office equipment

Details of additions and disposals of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

 61,994,845
 62,031,324

 9,663,473
 8,134,303

 71,658,318
 70,165,627

December 31, December 31,
2014 2013
(Un-audited)
(Rupees in '000)

Cost of Written down Cost of Written down additions / additions / value of value of transfers (transfers / transfers (transfers / from CWIP from CWIP disposals) disposals)

93,333	-	19,870	-
162,315	-	134,151	-
1,606,437	-	1,563,324	(14,741)
108,353	-	478	-
127,693	-	142,273	-
13,999	-	8,743	-
120,634	(7,025)	89,176	(3,770)
7,283	-	16,547	-
12,837	-	27,742	-
20,425	-	6,281	-
11	-	-	-
2,273,321	(7,025)	2,008,585	(18,511)

During the period, the Company also disposed off assets under gas distribution system having cost and accumulated depreciation of Rs. 33.4 million.

Capital	Transfer to	Capital	Transfer to
expenditure	operating	expenditure	operating
incurred	assets	incurred	assets

#### Capital work in progress:

Computers and ancillary equipment Construction equipment

#### Projects:

- Gas distribution system
- Gas transmission system
- Cost of buildings under construction and others

2,081,319	(1,606,437)	1,823,042	(1,563,323)
418,026	(162,315)	407,405	(134,151)
207,939	(93,333)	68,046	(19,870)
2,707,284	(1,862,085)	2,298,493	(1,717,344)

			December 31, 2014 (Un-audited)	June 30, 2014 (Audited)
		Note	(Rupees	,
7.	Long term investments			
	Investment in related parties Other investments		1,074,412 77,926	1,059,782 76,609
8.	Trade debts		1,152,338	1,136,391
	Secured Unsecured		16,043,355 71,590,940	16,038,079 72,048,200
		8.1 & 8.2	87,634,295	88,086,279
	Provision against impaired debts		(9,592,610)	(9,180,586)
			78,041,685	78,905,693

8.1 As K-Electric Limited (KE) has been defaulting and not making payment of Late Payment Surcharge (LPS) and the Company filed a suit in the High Court of Sindh in November 2012, for recovery of its aggregate claim, the Company effective from July 01, 2012 decided to account for LPS from KE on receipt basis as per IAS 18 "Revenue" based on opinions from firms of Chartered Accountants.

In accordance with the revised accounting treatment, the trade debts includes Rs. 38,524 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 41,302 million) as at December 31, 2014 receivables from KE. Out of this, Rs. 36,503 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 37,450 million) as at December 31, 2014 are overdue. However, the aggregate legal claim of the Company from KE amounts to Rs. 56,795 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 55,458 million). This amount has been arrived at as per the practice of the Company to charge LPS to customers who do not make timely payments.

Considering that the Company has valid legal claim for recovery of LPS together with outstanding principal amount, the Company filed the aforementioned suit against KE amounting to Rs. 55,705 million. The above suit has been filed based on the following grounds:

- As per the agreement dated June 30, 2009 which was entered between the Company and KE for making outstanding payment in 18 installments, the Company was entitled to charge LPS on outstanding principal amount at rate of:
  - a. Highest OD rate being paid by SSGC or;
  - b. Highest rate at which interest is payable on gas producer bills.
- As per the above agreement and as per the audited financial statements of KE as at June 30, 2010, KE, itself, acknowledged and recognized LPS till June 30, 2010, in its books of account which confirm management's assertion that the Company has legal claim over KE for charging of LPS.

KE also filed case against the Company in the High Court of Sindh for recovery of damages / losses of Rs. 61,614 million as KE claimed that the Company had not supplied the committed quantity of natural gas to KE. However, the legal counsel of the Company is of the view that claim of KE is not valid and is not as per terms of the agreement where it was agreed that the Company would make excess supply of natural gas if KE would make timely payments. As KE defaulted on many instances in making payments on due dates, the Company was not bound to supply excess quantity of natural gas as per terms of the agreement.

Management has consulted with its legal counsel, who is of the view that the Company has a strong case over recovery of the outstanding amount due to which management considers outstanding balance good and recoverable. The legal counsel also viewed that the Company has a good claim over LPS on outstanding balance, but considering that the matter is in dispute, as discussed above, the Company has decided to recognize LPS from KE when either such claimed amounts are recovered or when these are decreed and their recovery is assured.

8.2 As Pakistan Steel Mills Corporation (Private) Limited (PSML) has been defaulting and not making payment of Late Payment Surcharge (LPS), the Company effective from July 01, 2012 decided to account for LPS from PSML on receipt basis as per IAS 18 "Revenue" based on opinions from firms of Chartered Accountants.

In accordance with the revised accounting treatment, the trade debts includes Rs. 19,105 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 16,944 million) including overdue balance of Rs. 18,535 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 16,488 million) receivable from PSML. However, the aggregate legal claim of the Company from PSML amounts to Rs. 29,786 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 24,443 million). This amount has been arrived at as per the practice of the Company to charge LPS to customers who do not make timely payments.

Considering that the Company has valid legal claim for recovery of LPS together with outstanding principal amount, the Company filed a suit in the High Court of Sindh in April 2016, for recovery of its aggregate claim amounting to Rs. 41,354 million.

Although PSML's financial position is adverse, and it has no capacity to repay its obligations on its own, management is confident that the entire amount will be ultimately recovered because PSML is a government-owned entity and is continuously being supported by the Government of Pakistan.

December 31.

June 30,

	Note	2014 (Un-audited) (Rupees	2014 (Audited) in '000)
Other receivables -			ŕ
considered good			
Gas development surcharge receivable from GoP	9.1	22,057,465	20,737,160
Staff pension fund		568,767	659,934
Receivable for sale of gas condensate		133,759	206,909
Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited	9.2	17,877,447	12,354,923
Jamshoro Joint Venture Limited	9.3	17,480,320	14,349,882
SSGC LPG (Private) Limited		612,288	1,134,998
Workers' Profit Participation Fund		1,229,655	1,229,655
Sales tax receivable	9.4	13,056,439	10,391,068
Sindh sales tax		112,569	135,646
Pipeline rentals		53,751	33,779
Receivable against asset contribution	9.5	425,867	-
Miscellaneous receivables		180,236	82,897
		73,788,563	61,316,851
Provision against impaired receivables		(2,346,359)	(2,346,359)
		71,442,204	58,970,492

9.

- 9.1 This includes Rs. 390 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 390 million) recoverable from the Government of Pakistan (GoP) on account of remission of gas receivables from people of Ziarat under instructions from GoP. Although, management is confident that this amount is fully recoverable, as a matter of abundant caution full provision has been made in these condensed interm financial information.
- 9.2 This includes Rs. 17,824 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 12,211 million) receivable under the uniform cost of gas agreement with SNGPL and lease rental receivable and recoverable against lease service cost and contingent rent amounting to Rs. 53 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 144 million).
- 9.3 This amount comprises of receivable in respect of royalty income, sale of liquefied petroleum gas, Federal Excise Duty and Sindh Sales Tax on Franchise Services amounting to Rs. 4,676 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 7,474 million), Rs. 11,299 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 5,160 million), Rs. 896 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 1,070 million) and Rs. 609 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 646 million) respectively.

As at period end, amount payable to JJVL is Rs. 5,570 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 3,298 million) as disclosed in note 13 to these condensed interim financial information.

9.4 Sales tax refunds arise due to uniform purchase price adjustment with SNGPL and zero rating of sales tax on gas sales for various industries. Sales Tax refunds are processed through FBR's Sales Tax Automated Refund Repository (STARR) system. Due to several snags in the functioning of STARR, valid input sales tax claims of the Company are deferred. Realizing the problems of STARR, in August 2010, dispensation from processing of sales tax refunds through the STARR system was allowed by FBR and substantial refunds were released after issuance of this letter under corporate guarantee (subject to post refund audit). However, above said dispensation was also withdrawn by FBR in May 2012. After withdrawal of said dispensation, the deferred refunds are issued to the Company on the basis of manual verification of documents (third party vendor sales tax returns) by tax authorities. The management is making vigorous efforts for realization of these refunds.

9.5 This represents receivable from Mari Gas Company Limited, Spud Energy Pty Limited, PKP Exploration Limited and Government Holdings (Private) Limited (referred as BJV); in respect of Zarghun gas transmission pipeline under pipeline contribution agreement. The receivable has been recognised using discounted cashflow technique.

December 31,	June 30,	
2014	2014	
(Un-audited)	(Audited)	
(Rupees in '000)		

## 10. Long term finance

#### Secured

Secured		
Loans from banking companies	24,207,872	18,838,914
Unsecured		
Front end fee of foreign currency loan	23,950	23,950
Consumer financing	264,374	286,443
Government of Sindh loan	5,756,859	5,756,859
	6,045,183	6,067,252
Subtotal	30,253,05	24,906,166
Less: curent portion shown under current liabilities		
Loans from banking companies	(6,154,76	(3,488,095)
Consumer financing	(42,483	(49,833)
Government of Sindh loan	(508,346	(508,346)
	(6,705,590	(4,046,274)
	23 547 468	20.950.902

10.1 A long term finance facility was obtained on October 30, 2014 amounting to Rs. 7,000 million (December 31, 2013: Nil). Mark-up for the said loan is to be paid quarterly in arrears on the outstanding facility amount at three months KIBOR + 0.40% per annum. The loan is repayable in eight equal quarterly installments from 2018 to 2019. This facility is secured by a ranking charge created by way of hypothecation over all present and future movable fixed assets of the Company comprising of compressor stations, transmission pipelines, distribution pipelines and pipeline construction machinery and equipments.

Half year ended				
December 31, December 31,				
<b>2014</b> 2013				
(Un-audited) (Un-audited)				
(Rupees in '000)				

88,974

93,283

#### 11. Deferred credit

Transferred to unconsolidated profit and loss account

Government contributions / grants		
Additions / adjustments during the period	1,267	42,745
Transferred to unconsolidated profit and loss account	123,341	120,698
Contribution from customers		

#### 12. Short term borrowings

These represent facilities for short term running finance / short term money market loan available from various banks amounting to Rs. Nil (June 30, 2014: Rs. 3,141 million) and subject to mark-up to 0.80% (June 30, 2014: 0.80%) above the average one month KIBOR. The facilities are secured by first pari passu, first joint supplemental hypothecation and ranking charge over present and future stock in trade and book debts of the Company.

The aggregate unavailed short term borrowing facilities amounted to Rs. 11,250 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 8,109 million).

December 31, June 30, 2014 2014 (Un-audited) (Audited) Note (Rupees in '000)

13.1

6,388,597

1,800

8,807

177,054

147,310,269

7,178,607

1,800

9,286

177,638

133,104,885

## 13. Trade and other payables Creditors for:

Others

Gas infrastructure development cess payable

Unclaimed term finance certificate redemption profit

Inter State Gas System (Private) Limited (ISGSL)

- gas supplies	125,705,868	114,287,769
- supplies	871,090	483,341
	126,576,958	114,771,110
Amount received from customers for laying of mains, etc.	2,069,324	2,028,086
Accrued liabilities	2,438,115	1,649,095
Advance from LPG customers	4,445	-
Provision for compensated absences - non executives	181,097	143,528
Payable to staff gratuity fund	2,236,283	2,216,268
Deposits / retention money	309,422	321,981
Bills payable	20,795	55,582
Advance for sharing right of way	18,088	18,088
Unclaimed dividend	287,900	288,079
Withholding tax payable	269,197	588,459
Sales tax and Federal excise duty	722,011	297,228
Sindh sales tax	29,885	61,927
Processing charges payable to JJVL	5,570,491	3,298,123

13.1 Gas Infrastructure Development (GID) Cess has been levied since December 15, 2011 and is chargeable from industrial gas consumers at different rates as prescribed by the Federal Government through OGRA notification. GID Cess is collected and deposited with the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Resources (MPNR) in a manner prescribed by the Federal Government.

On June 13, 2013 the Honorable Peshawar High Court declared the levy, imposition and recovery of the Cess unconstitutional with the direction to refund the "Cess" so far collected. Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan examined the case and in its decision dated August 22, 2014 concluded that GID Cess is a fee and not a tax and on either count the "Cess" could not have been introduced through a money bill under Article 73 of the Constitution and the same was therefore not validly levied in accordance with the Constitution. However, on September 25, 2014 the President of Pakistan had passed GID Cess Ordinance 2014, which is applicable in whole Pakistan and has to be complied by all parties.

On September 29, 2014, the Honorable Sindh High Court gave a stay order to various parties against the promulgation of Presidential order on September 25, 2014.

On May 22, 2015 the GID Cess Act is passed by Parliament applicable on all parties. Following the imposition of the said Act, many consumers filed a petition in Honorable Sindh High Court and obtained stay order against Act passed by the Parliament. The Company has obtained legal opinion, which states that management has to comply with the stay order of Honorable High Court of Sindh.

The Company is a collecting agent and depositing GID Cess to the MPNR and the Company will refund to the consumers once it will be received from MPNR.

#### 14. Contingencies and commitments

14.1 There has been no change in the status of other contingencies as disclosed in note 17 of annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2014, except for the following:

Docombon on,	ourio oo,	
2014	<b>2014</b> 2014	
(Un-audited)	(Audited)	
(Rupees in '000)		
103,741	97,741	
2,776,924	2,217,794	
5,058,696	125,032	

June 30

December 31.

14.2 Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt

14.3 Commitments for capital and other expenditures

14.4 Guarantees issued on behalf of the Company

14.5 Jamshoro Power Company Limited [(JPCL) WAPDA] has lodged a claim against the Company amounting to Rs. 23,000 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 23,000 million) for short supply of gas under the provisions of an agreement dated April 10, 1995 between the Company and JPCL. As at June 30, 2015 this amount has increased to Rs. 35,182 million. Management has not made provision against the said amount in the books of the Company as management is confident that ultimately this claim would not be payable.

14.6 Habibullah Coastal Power Company (Private) Limited (HCPC) has claimed Rs. 1,899.96 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 1,899.96 million) from the Company for short supply of gas under the provisions of an agreement dated March 31, 1996 between the Company and HCPC. As at December 30, 2015, this amount has increased to Rs. 2,625.33 million. HCPC has also disputed late payment surcharge charged by the Company amounting to Rs. 360 million. HCPC has also invoked arbitration as per article of Gas Sale Agreement. In the instant arbitral proceedings, the Company has also raised a counter claim of Rs. 5,233.3 million on account of failing to take or pay for the gas made available to HCPC along with the interest thereon. Accordingly, management has not made provision against the claim of HCPC in these condensed interim financial information.

			Half yea	ar ended	Quarte	r ended
			December 31, 2014	2013	2014	December 31, 2013
		Note		(Un-au (Rupees	,	
15.	Cost of sales	NOLE		(Rupees	111 000)	
	Cost of gas		77,735,226	71,655,480	39,238,769	36,563,249
	Transmission and distribution costs		7,735,226	5,870,263	3,684,852	3,041,652
			85,029,203	77,525,743	42,923,621	39,604,901
16.	Other operating expenses					
	Auditors' remuneration		8,610	9,349	4,355	4,618
	Sports expenses		19,087	12,089	12,473	4,970
	Corporate social responsibility		33,323	35,720	9,908	31,398
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Provision against impaired debts, other receivables and		2,293	-	144	-
	interest accrued		496,415	1,010,157	176,071	715,198
	Provision against impaired stores and spares		·-	33,906	· -	23,618
	Exchange loss on payment of gas purchases		995,262	758,923	583,983	190,819
			1,554,990	1,860,144	786,934	970,621
17.	Other operating income					
	Income from other than financial assets					
	Meter rentals		347,305	338,454	174,157	169,737
	Recognition of income against deferred credit Income from new service connections and asset		198,819	200,485	154,006	107,857
	contribution		526,746	105,040	90,727	46,286
	Gas shrinkage charged to JJVL	17.1	-	1,017,393	-	492,520
	Income from gas transportation			15,757		7,731
	Income from LPG air mix distribution - net		59,194	63,495	29,271	31,517
	Recoveries from consumers		34,467	38,048 3.275	18,539 1,984	20,710
	Liquidity damaged recovered  Advertising income		4,260 2,422	3,275 3,741	1,964	1,299 2,559
	Income from sale of tender documents		2,997	858	844	383
	Reversal of provision against impaired stores and spares		4,896	-	4,726	-
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		-	1,575	-	392
	Miscellaneous		131,635	58,389	93,257	44,613
			1,312,741	1,846,510	568,725	925,604

17.1 The Company entered into Implementation Agreement with Jamshoro Joint Venture Limited (JJVL) and granted 'exclusive rights' to process and extract Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) and Natural Gas Liquids (NGL) from Composite Associated Gas Mixture (CAGM) made available at JJVL plant.

Gas Shrinkage charged to JJVL means the amount payable by JJVL to the Company as compensation for loss in volume and gross calorific value of CAGM due to recovery of LPG and NGL at the JJVL plant. This is in fact consideration for loss in volume of gas and its gross calorific value between Tie in Point and delivery point.

This amount was being recovered under the Implementation Agreement which was declared void by the Supreme Court of Pakistan vide its Order dated December 04, 2013 with respect to the Constitution Petition No. 5 of 2011 and Human Rights Case No.15744 - P of 2009. Thus no shrinkage has been charged after the Supreme Court order.

Note

18.

Half year ended

2014

Quarter ended

2013

December 31, December 31, December 31,

(Un-audited)

(Puppe in '000)

2014

2013

	Note		(Rupee:	s in '000)	
Other non-operating income					
Income from financial assets					
Late payment surcharge		896,096	732,973	464,054	386,078
Income from net investment in finance lease		32,708	33,830	16,354	17,132
Income for receivable against asset contribution		21,075	-	10,509	-
Interest income on loan to related party		80,346	75,191	40,518	42,887
Return on: - term deposits and profit and loss bank accounts		115,537	105,277	58,651	61,361
		1,145,762	947,271	590,086	507,458
				·	
Interest income on late payment of gas bills from:					04.00=
- Jamshoro Joint Venture Limited		81,835	140,414	51,888	81,235
- Water and Power Development Authority		64,418	49,940	34,085	21,671
<ul> <li>Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited</li> <li>SSGC LPG (Private) Limited</li> </ul>		429,793 7,902	64,112 12,633	318,913 3,457	42,411 7,033
- 3300 El O (l'Ilvate) Ellillited		583,948	267,099	408,343	152,350
		000,040	201,000	400,040	102,000
Dividend income		-	237	-	213
		1,729,710	1,214,607	998,429	660,021
Income from investment in debts, loans, advances and receivables from related parties					
Income from net investment in finance lease		45,195	86,728	22,598	38,374
Others		45,195	00,720	22,330	30,374
Sale of gas condensate		146,706	375,944	54,747	351,914
Royalty income from JJVL		-	5,330,644	-	4,805,247
Income on LPG and NGL - net	18.1	4,663,897	1,227,492	3,558,616	983,843
Meter manufacturing division (loss) / profit - net		(19,865)	350,883	73,568	132,324
		4,790,738	7,284,963	3,686,931	6,273,328
		6,565,643	8,586,298	4,707,958	6,971,723
		0,000,040	0,000,230	7,101,300	0,011,120

18.1. The Company has an arrangement with Jamshoro Joint Venture Limited (JJVL) wherein JJVL was allowed to extract LPG from various gas fields. As per MoUs, 50% of extracted quantity is sold out to JJVL and 50% to other customers.

## 19. Finance cost

Included in finance cost is an amount of Rs. 3,301 million (December 2013: Rs. 2,136 million) being markup on delayed payment on gas supplies.

Half year ended		Quarte	er ended	
December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	
2014	2013	2014	2013	
(Un-audited)				
(Rupees in '000)				

## 20. Taxation

- Current
- Deferred

-	(512,211)	-	244,316
1,869,874	1,010,047	994,583	467,336
1,869,874	497,836	994,583	711,652

Half year ended

December 31, December 31,
2014 2013
(Un-audited)

(Rupees in '000)

## 21. Adjustments for non-cash and other items

Provisions	1,063,475	1,453,730
Depreciation	2,295,041	2,159,702
Amortisation of intangibles	33,999	31,543
Finance cost	4,719,794	3,328,859
Amortisation of transaction cost	3,232	3,232
Recognition of income against deferred credit	(212,315)	(213,982)
Dividend income	-	(237)
Interest income and return on term deposits	(800,906)	(447,567)
Income from net investment in finance lease	(77,903)	(120,558)
Loss / (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	2,293	(1,575)
Decrease in long term advances	(1,268)	(42,745)
Decrease in deferred credit	1,267	42,746
	7,026,709	6,193,148

## 22. Working capital chages

## (Increase) / decrease in current assets

Stores, spares and loose tools	966,970	(466,066)
Stock-in-trade	(61,437)	(204,352)
Customers' installation work-in-progress	(6,711)	(6,952)
Trade debts	451,984	1,627,406
Advances, deposits and short term prepayments	(32,997)	(101,844)
Other receivables	(12,541,804)	(11,592,755)
	(11,223,995)	(10,744,563)
Increase in current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	14,147,979	15,758,629
	2.923.984	5.014.066

#### 23. Transactions with related parties

The related parties comprise of subsidiary companies, associated companies due to common directorship, Government related entities, staff retirement benefits plans, directors and key management personnel (including their associates). Purchase and sale of gas from / to related parties are determined at rates finalised and notified by the Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority. Remuneration of key management personnel are in accordance with the terms of the employment / appointment. Other transactions with the related parties are carried out as per agreed terms.

The details of transactions with related parties not disclosed elsewhere in this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information are as follows:

		Half year ended	
		December 31, D 2014 (Un-aud	ecember 31, 2013
	Relationship	(Rupees	in '000)
Astro Plastic (Private) Limited - Billable charges	Associate	68,814	59,488
** Attock Cement Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges		26,998	-
* Attock Refinery Limited	Associate		
- Sale of condensate		-	24,030
Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited - Billable charges	Associate	50	46
** Gadoon Textile Mills Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges		174	-
Government related entities			
<ul><li>Purchase of fuel and lubricant</li><li>Billable charges</li></ul>		5,511	21,797 23,686,831
- Sharing of expenses		26,324,978 43,885	35,134
Income from net investment in finance lease		45,195	86,728
- Gas purchases		39,985,047	38,286,693
- Sale of gas meters		301,299	1,155,279
Rent of premises     Insurance premium		13,055 65,363	- 56,183
- Electricity expenses		103,090	92,846
- Interest income		494,211	114,052
- Uniform Cost of gas		19,638,409	19,294,693
- Mark up on delayed payment on gas supplies		3,301,464	2,136,250
Habib Bank Limited	Associate		
- Profit on investment		35,991	4,612
Markup on short term finance     Markup on long term finance		5,690 54,779	5,490 51,301
- Billable charges		4,361	5,572
Hydrocarbon Development Institute of Pakistan	Associate		
- Billable charges	Associate	-	9,334
International Industries Limited	Associate		
- Line Pipe Purchases	Associate	153,409	178,491
- Billable charges		558,467	540,287
Ismail Industries Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges		170,494	152,112
Key management personnel			
- Remuneration		88,294	96,791
Kohinoor Silk Mills Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges		87	127
Minto & Mirza	Associate		
- Professional charges		4,000	7,115

			Half year ended	
	Relationship	December 31, D 2014 (Un-aud (Rupees	2013 lited)	
Packages Limited - Billable charges	Associate		6,104	
Pakistan Cables Limited - Billable charges	Associate	42,510	40,919	
* Pakistan Engineering Company Limited - Billable charges	Associate	-	28	
** Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited - Billable charges		103	-	
Pakistan Synthetic Limited - Billable charges	Associate	19,758	146,329	
Premiem Textile Mills Limited - Billable charges	Associate	103,504	145,380	
* Security Papers Limited - Billable charges	Associate		71,109	
* Shezan International Limited - Billable charges	Associate		7,503	
SSGC LPG (Private) Limited  - Interest on loan  - Interest income on delayed payment of gas bill  - Purchase of LPG  - Sale of LPG	Wholly owned subsidiary	80,346 7,902 189,310 804,912	75,191 12,633 142,988 901,439	
Staff retirement benefit plans - Contribution to provident fund - Contribution to pension fund - Contribution to gratuity fund	Associate	127,431 83,664 121,349	110,312 89,045 101,530	
Thatta Cement Company Limited - Gas sales	Associate	4,996	7,057	

- \* Current period transactions with these parties have not been disclosed as they did not remain related parties during the period.
- \*\* Comparative transactions with these parties have not been disclosed as these parties were not related parties in comparative period.
- 23.1 Sale of gas meters is made at cost plus method. The Company is the only manufacturer of gas meters in the country.
- 23.2 Contribution to the defined contribution and benefit plans are in accordance with the terms of the entitlement of the employees and / or actuarial advice.
- 23.3 Remuneration to the executive officers of the Company and loans and advances to them are determined in accordance with the terms of their employment. Mark-up free security deposits for gas connections to the executive staff of the Company is received at rates prescribed by the Government of Pakistan.

## 23.4 Amount (due to) / receivable from / investment in related parties

The details of amount due with related parties not disclosed elsewhere in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial information are as follows:

	Relationship	December 31, 2014 (Un-audited) (Rupees	June 30, 2014 (Audited) in '000)
Astro Plastic (Private) Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges		10,886	10,645
- Gas supply deposit		(53,208)	(53,208)
** Attock Cement Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges		5,304	-
- Gas supply deposit		(30,566)	-
Attock Refinery Limited	Associate		
- Sale of gas condensate		42,105	42,105
Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges	7100001410	18	5
- Gas supply deposit		(124)	(124)
** Gadoon Textile Mills Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges	Associate	37	_
- Gas supply deposit		(113)	_
,		` ′	
Government related entities - various		50 202 222	60 040 605
<ul><li>Billable charges</li><li>Mark up accrued on borrowings</li></ul>		58,202,232	60,012,605 (2,454)
- Sharing of expenses		(8,807)	(9,286)
Net investment in finance lease		51,341	142,093
- Gas purchases		(97,853,237)	(87,021,301)
- Gas meters		619,006	390,366
- Uniform cost of gas		17,824,334	12,210,925
Cash at bank     Stock Loan		111,012	9,043
Stock Loan     Recoverable from insurance			(12,796) 271
- Gas supply deposit		(51,457)	(52,625)
Interest expense accrued - late payment surcharge on gas bills		(29,614,384)	(26,312,920)
- Interest income accrued - late payment on gas bills		6,871,507	5,428,023
Habib Bank Limited	Associate		
- Long term finance	7100001410	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
- Cash at bank		115,566	105,774
- Accrued markup		5,465	(19,913)
- Billable charges		345	10,401
- Gas supply deposit		(3,589)	(3,589)
** Hydrocarbon Development Institute of Pakistan	Associate	4 =00	
- Billable charges		1,796	
- Gas supply deposit		(6,800)	-
International Industries Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges Gas supply deposit		92,579	22,705
Gas supply deposit		(293,662)	(48,925)
Ismail Industries Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges		30,298	29,745
- Gas supply deposit		(96,288)	(5,857)

	Relationship	December 31, 2014 (Un-audited) (Rupees in	June 30, 2014 (Audited) 1 '000)
* Kohinoor Silk Mills Limited	Associate		
<ul><li>Billable charges</li><li>Gas supply deposit</li></ul>			22 (60)
* Packages Limited - Billable charges	Associate		1,156
- Gas supply deposit		-	(3,044)
Pakistan Cables Limited - Billable charges	Associate	6,082	7,415
- Gas supply deposit		(21,690)	(17,159)
Pakistan Engineering Company Limited - Billable charges	Associate	5	5
- Gas supply deposit		(12)	(12)
** Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited	Associate		
<ul><li>Billable charges</li><li>Gas supply deposit</li></ul>		39 (85)	-
- Gas supply deposit		(00)	•
* Pakistan Synthetic Limited - Billable charges	Associate		E 914
- Gas supply deposit		-	5,814 (67,765)
* PERIOD Records & Records and Francisco	Accorded		
* PERAC - Research & Development Foundation - Professional charges	Associate	-	57
* Premium Textile Limited	Associate		
<ul><li>Billable charges</li><li>Gas supply deposit</li></ul>			25,330 (22,300)
			, ,
* Shezan International Limited - Billable charges	Associate		822
- Gas supply deposit		-	(4,032)
SSGC LPG (Private) Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary		
- Long term loan		1,000,000	1,000,000
Short term loan     Interest on loan		1,710,103 35,568	1,710,103 180,378
- Purchase of LPG		(292,559)	(171,224)
- Sale of LPG		612,288	1,134,998
Thatta Cement Company Limited	Associate		
- Billable charges		1,120	283
- Gas supply deposit		(45,000)	(45,000)

<sup>\*</sup> Current balances with these parties have not been disclosed as they did not remain related parties as at period end.

\*\* Comparative balances with these parties have not been disclosed as these parties were not related parties in last period.

## 24. Operating segment

IFRS 8 -Operating Segments requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Company that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to segments and to asses their performance. As a result, management has identified the following two segments:

- 1) Gas transmission and distribution (sale of gas); and
- 2) Meter manufacturing (manufacturing and sale of gas meters).

## Segment revenue and results

The following is analysis of the Company's revenue and results by reportable segment.

	Half year ended			
	Segment revenue		Segment loss	
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(Un-audited)			
	(Rupees in '000)			
Gas transmission and distribution	79,274,471	75,529,596	(3,652,596)	(109,158)
Meter manufacturing	678,738	1,389,916	(19,865)	350,883
Total segment results	79,953,209	76,919,512	(3,672,461)	241,725
Unallocated - other expenses				
- Other operating expenses			(1,554,990)	(1,860,144)
Unallocated - other income				
			294.861	201 262
- Non-operating income			294,001	301,263
Loss before tax			(4,932,590)	(1,317,156)

The above revenue includes sale of meters by meter manufacturing segment to gas transmission and distribution amounting to Rs. 445 million (2013: Rs. 286 million).

## Segment assets and liabilities

Segment assets and naunties	December 31, 2014 (Un-audited) (Rupees	June 30, 2014 (Audited) in '000)
Segment assets		
Gas transmission and distribution	230,151,083	216,690,196
Meter manufacturing	1,825,237	2,457,125
Total segment assets	231,976,320	219,147,321
Unallocated		
- Loans and advances	2,501,446	2,156,921
- Taxation - net	12,533,311	10,474,629
- Interest accrued	490,109	490,109
- Cash and bank balances	2,158,511	1,199,837
	17,683,377	14,321,496
Total assets as per balance sheet	249,659,697	233,468,817
Segments liabilities		
Gas transmission and distribution	225,073,661	205,641,732
Meter manufacturing	102,233	489,755
Total segment liabilities	225,175,894	206,131,487
Unallocated - Employee benefits	3,663,679	3,470,436
Total liabilities as per balance sheet	228,839,573	209,601,923

## 25. General

- **25.1** Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees unless otherwise stated.
- 25.2 Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary.

## 26. Date of authorisation

This unconsolidated condensed interim financial information were authorised for issue in Board of Directors meeting held on 04 June, 2016.

Miftah Ismail Chairman

